

ST. PATRICK'S DAY CARDS
GET THEM AT
BLUNDELL'S

Volume 10.

EMPLOYEES OF
TOWN WAIT ON
THE COUNCIL

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Crop is Defined

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Carson Would Accept
Home Rule Bill

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Delegation From Here
Attends Presbytery

Dr. Shearer and Messrs. Wm. Henderson, Geo. Dunlop, M. Moffat and J. L. Shaw, members of the delegation, are expected to return to the town on Monday, after a delegation from the town to the presbytery.

P.R. SYSTEM MAY
BE ADOPTED FOR
NEXT ELECTION

This Is Provided the Legislature Votes in Favor of It, Says Premier Stewart—Campaign to Educate the People Is Proposed.

The legislature last Thursday night, after a long and weary argument, decided to take the matter up again.

LOCAL
BRANCH
G. W. V. A.
NOTES.

A special general meeting will be held in the club rooms on Sunday, March 14th, at 2 p.m. An business of importance will come before the meeting every member is requested to be present.

The usual work and dance will be held next Saturday night in the club rooms.

Elk From U.S.
For Canadian Parks

Nine-two elk, en route from Yellowstone park, Montana, to Jasper Park, Alberta, passed through Edmonton. They formed a part of the herd purchased from the United States authorities by the Dominion Parks Department.

MISS ARCHIBALD
SEC. OF U.F.W.A.
VISITS DISTRICT
LAST WEEK

As per arrangement with our local office, Miss Archibald addressed a series of meetings at Aleson, Kirk-McKinnon school house, Howell and Main street, during the last week.

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Have Successful Evening

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GETTING GUN
READY TO SHIP
TO REDCLIFF

Was Trophies Department Advises Victory Loan Secretary That Gun Won by Redcliff Will Be Shipped in Near Future—Weights Between Three and Four Tons.

Successful Concert by
The Citizen's Band

Last Sunday evening the Redcliff Citizens' band gave a concert in the Amuse-U theatre, and judging from the gathering, the band was not only well liked but was very successful.

Appointment of
Senator is Deferred

The vacancy in the senate created by the death of Hon. Peter Talbot, of Lacombe, is to be filled by a new appointment. There are quite a number of applicants. The names most prominent in connection with the vacancy are J. M. Douglas, M. P. for Strathcona, Wm. Cousins and Dr. Boyd, Medicine Hat and Dr. Lafferty, of Calgary.

Object to Canvass
Being Made in West

Having learned that there is a propaganda effort through the section of the country, some members of the house at once are contemplating the adoption of a resolution to the effect of urging the members of the house to refrain from canvassing for election.

It is currently reported that there is a house-to-house canvass being carried on in the west at the present time, not only for the purpose of soliciting election campaign funds, but also securing support for the election of a member to the government. It is held by some that it is unfair, on the ground that it is compelling the electors before an opportunity is given to them to vote to secure the program and policy of the government.

INDUSTRIAL POSSIBILITIES OF ALBERTA

Development Work
Is Now Being
Undertaken

IRON AND SALT DEPOSITS
BEING THOROUGHLY
INVESTIGATED

The report which Hon. J. L. Cote, provincial secretary of Alberta, has promised soon to lay on the table of the House is regarded as the development of Alberta natural resources expected to include important facts on the prospecting for salt in the Athabasca country and for iron in the southern and southwestern parts of the province. Both lines of work are being carried on under the auspices of the Alberta Industrial Commission, of which Mr. Cote is the minister in charge. The minister dealt at length with these matters in his recent address before the Alberta Industrial Development Association.

Operations are about to resume on the east drilling scheme at Fort McMurray, after a halt necessitated by the severe weather and the lack of adequate machinery. A complete outfit has now reached the salt bed site, and it is understood that work will start at once and will be continued until definite results have been secured. The drilling crew has remained at McMurray during the winter, in order to be ready for an early start as soon as conditions permit.

The effort of the Industrial Association to secure the services of Professor J. C. Gillies for an exhaustive survey of iron ore possibilities during the coming summer has been unsuccessful, a previous engagement having been made with him by the British Columbia government to continue the geological work begun by him in the Peace River block last summer.

It has been arranged, however, that Professor J. C. Allen, of the University of Alberta, will do some iron prospecting in the Sheep Creek field, near Okotoks, where there are believed to be possibilities worth looking into. Dr. Allen spent the summer vacation in this work and will have a report for the government in the coming fall.

THE HOME RULE BILL

The home rule bill introduced in the British House of Commons a few days ago sets up two parliaments—one for Ulster and the other for the rest of Ireland. Six counties only, Antrim, Down, Armagh, Londonderry, Tyrone, Fermanagh, will constitute the Ulster unit. Legislative bodies are to be, linked by a council of Ireland, on which they will be equally represented and which will undertake duties common to Ireland. Each will have a separate judiciary. The proportional representation proposal is dropped but will probably be left to a free vote of the house.

ALBERTA GOVERNMENT PREPARE MAMMOTH IRRIGATION PROJECT

The Government of the Province of Alberta is making arrangements to spend the sum of five millions of dollars on the Lethbridge Northern Irrigation project. This plan is designed to irrigate a large body of good arable land in southern Alberta, where the precipitation is light but otherwise conditions for agriculture are good.

Estimates of the cost have been laid before the Alberta Legislature and the amount is slightly under the sum named. These estimates are supplemented by the report of George C. Anderson, the American irrigation expert, employed by the Government. Mr. Anderson's report is very extensive in its scope, giving tabulations of rainfall in the district since 1902, reports on soil survey, a review of the topographical conditions and complete estimates of construction.

He fixes the total construction cost at \$3,911,176, on a cost of \$40.12 per acre on 97,531 acres. The total operation expenses are figured out at \$107,700.

Combining maintenance and operation expenses, there is a total of \$171,800 which, on 97,531 acres, means \$1.76 per acre. He points out that in 1912, the summary of operation and maintenance results under 26 irrigation projects of the U.S. reclamation service gives these combined costs at \$1.26 per acre.

TALES OF OWN COUNTRY

SOME CHRONICLES OF THE DAYS OF THE WAR
PARTY AND THE BUFFALO
STORIES TOLD AROUND THE FIRES OF THE
HUNTING CAMPS OF BYGONE TIMES

THE GREATEST INDIAN OF
THEM ALL — CROWFOOT
A NATIVE ARISTOCRAT—
A DANGER Averted—
A NOBLE REFUSAL—
THE FRIEND OF THE WHITE
MEN.

Long ago, before ever the police came west, and white men had never crossed the plains, the Blackfoot Indians came from the south and took possession of the country we now know as Southern Alberta.

They were plainmen and horsemen, and were well suited to the rolling country that swept in giant undulations to the skyward. There was rich store of grass, and pasture, and water; the soft breath of the chinook dissolved the snow of the hardest season in mid-winter; and there was pasture for the war ponies all the year round. Besides it was their favorite ranges of the great buffalo herds—these shaggy cattle of the prairie—that to the Indians were as much a staple as the wheat to the present day western farmer. The man who dried, or dried, was their principal article of food; the hides provided clothing for themselves, ropes for their horses, covering for their hunting lodges, and even parchment for the crude drawings that were the histories of their race.

A Warlike People

The Blackfeet were an independent, warlike people, and they suffered no interference with the lordship of their wide domain. Their chiefs were brave in war, and wise in the council lodge.

Away back about the time when George IV came to the throne of Britain, and the foothills of Canada was as unknown as the North Pole, a boy child was born to the lodge of the head chief of the Blackfoot confederacy. He was destined to become the greatest Indian of them all.

There has always existed a remarkable democracy amongst the Indian tribes, and although this boy was the child of a great chief, he was given no special favors, and was treated as an ordinary Indian boy.

A War Party

It is related that when he was no more than thirteen years of age, he stole away and followed a war party, that was making a raid against the Cree. He did not disclose himself until he was too far from the camp to be sent back, and the warriors had to submit perforce to his presence. In the fight that ensued he fought himself like a man, and brought back with him to the Belly River a scalp to hang on the ridge pole of his father's lodge. He acquitted himself so well that young as he was, he was at once admitted into the ranks of the warriors of the tribe.

His family was a remarkable one, and he had been born to hereditary chiefs from ancient times, and his elder brother was a noted warrior.

The lad had to win his way in the same manner as the meekest Indian in the tribe. He acquitted himself of all duties with honor, and when his father died and his elder brother was killed to hail him as their head chief.

The manner in which this brother met his death is characteristic of all warriors. The future chief of the Blackfoot nation, known as Crowfoot at the commencement of his career; that name was born of his brother.

Treachery

At that time the Snake Indians, who had their hunting grounds around the headwaters of the Missouri, were at war with the Blackfeet. Following a severe battle in a battle the Snakes signified their desire for peace, and requested that envoys be sent to them.

Accordingly a party of Blackfeet went on, and amongst their number was the brother of the future chief. The Snakes, living up to their reputation, killed every member of the delegation. When the Blackfeet learned of the fate of their ambassadors they sent a summons to the Snake war party to revenge themselves upon their treacherous enemies. The young son of the chief joined this party and acquitted himself so valiantly that he was given the name of his murdered brother, Crowfoot, and he was at once advanced to the position of an approved warrior.

Father Lacombe

He very early fell under the influence of Father Lacombe; and although he did not then become a Christian, he was always the friend and protector of the veteran missionary.

When the North West Mounted Police arrived in the country about 1874, they were at first received by the Indians with suspicion. Their experience of white men had been confined to the American traders and outlaws who plied them with whiskey, debauched their women, and shot them down whenever the opportunity presented itself. They were at first impressed by the unusual show of the police, but at all times convinced of their peaceful intentions.

A Wise Hand

Crowfoot, who was a keen judge of men, was from the first an admirer of Colonel Macleod, and it was his restraining hand that kept his nation at peace during situations that often were difficult. When a treaty was eventually concluded between the Blackfeet and the representatives of the Queen, Crowfoot paid a striking tribute to the Police Commissioner.

He said, "I have learned from him," he said, "that all white men are not liars, and that those who wear the red coats of the Great Queen always keep their word. We have seen all the things come to pass that Colonel Macleod promised, and his soldiers have protected the Indians from their enemies. People like them are worthy to be the friends of a chief."

Sitting Bull

During the Sioux war with the Americans, Sitting Bull and Rain-in-the-Face sent emissaries to the

B.C. FARMERS WILL NOT FORM COUNCIL OF AGRICULTURE

The United Farmers of British Columbia do not favor the formation of the proposed British Columbia Council of Agriculture, which Minister of Agriculture Dawson was accused of chaperoning, and will not at present join such an organization. "This was made clearly evident at a session of the convention of the United Farmers in a discussion which took place on the question, following which President Copeland was appealed to, to represent the association at the conference but was emphatically instructed not to in any way commit the farmers to the formation of the council.

A strong effort was made to have the matter definitely shelved, and to have the convention stand entirely aloof from the conference, but it was finally decided to send a representative.

Blackfoot chief asking him to arouse his people to make common cause against the white people, and drive them out of the country.

Crowfoot sternly told the Sioux messengers, that he was a subject of the Queen, who lived away across the sea, and he would defend her people from all enemies red and white alike.

Later when Sitting Bull, flushed and proud with his victory over Custer at the Little Bighorn, came to Canada with all his tribes, and had an interview with Crowfoot away out on the plains.

A Meeting of Potentates

Very formal was the meeting between those two potentates. Sitting Bull was escorted by a strong body of Sioux warriors to all their barbaric finery. They had come from the greatest victory ever achieved over the native white soldiers by any of the tribes of America; and the great medicine chief bore himself with indelible dignity.

Crowfoot received him very formally. Hospitality was freely extended and the pipe of great occasions smoked. The Blackfoot, however, gave Sitting Bull every reason to understand that he was a loyal subject of Britain, and that he was not listening to any trouble maker.

The Sioux was impressed and it is said that the influence of Crowfoot had a great deal to do with the good behaviour of these Indians whilst in Canadian territory.

News of War

In 1885 when Riel and Dumont raised the standard of revolt on the banks of the Saskatchewan, and the Indian tribes hurried to take service under their banners, the Blackfeet people were in a state of great unrest. The news of war spread like a flame amidst the camps and lodges. They were a fighting people, and like the war horse of scripture, scented the battle from afar. The police were fully occupied; settlers were few; and the whole Alberta country lay at their mercy. The native war drums beat in many a valley, and dusky figures pranced in the ghost dances around the camp.

A Dangerous Situation

The situation was full of danger, and Father Lacombe hurried to a rendezvous with the great Blackfoot chief. He well knew the power that Crowfoot wielded with his people, and he had very confidence in him. Nor was this confidence misplaced. After the interview the splendid missionary was able to telegraph the Government at Ottawa that the loyalty of Crowfoot and all his people could be relied upon to the utmost.

Sir John Macdonald read this telegram to the House of Commons at that session, and it was greeted with cheers. Not a Blackfoot stirred towards the scene of hostilities during those dark days of Groulx and the Northwest; and a deadly danger was averted.

Guests of the Nation

After the rebellion Father Lacombe conducted Crowfoot and

Some Strictures Passed Upon School Books

Text Book Issued to
Alberta Students,
Glorify U.S.A.

Interesting Debate on This Question
in Provincial Legislature

Captain Campbell, member of the Alberta Legislature for the Rocky Mountain constituency, recently made a strong attack upon the high school text book issued in the Calgary high school. A great deal of stress was laid on the part that the Americans played in the great and tremendous credit was given them. The book, in its present form was not actually in use in its entirety of American editions were authorized. The whole book was not on the curriculum but portions of it were, and examinations were conducted on it.

Captain Campbell read to the members of the Legislature a chapter from the book which told in eloquent periods of American achievements on the battle line. Other knowledge would come to the conclusion that there were neither French nor English soldiers, and that would come to the conclusion that there were all that there was to it.

At this point Hon. Mr. Smith arose and declared emphatically that the book which Mr. Campbell held in his hand was not the edition of the book which was authorized by the province, which did not contain the objectionable passages, and that "this book is not authorized and never will be."

"I can't find out where this book comes from," said Mr. Smith. "No high school in Edmonton has it in its hand, and school in the province has it, and it is a Calgary high school has it, it is a Calgary's own fault."

Capt. Campbell proceeded to say that the book belonged to his boy, a young returned man, who had taken a course at the Calgary College Institute, that the boy, who had been told to get Meyer's store, and had gone to a book store and had bought the one which had been given him. Other boys in the school had seen the book and it was certainly in use.

A number of his chiefs to Ottawa, where they were the honored guests of the nation. It was a new to them, and much would have been seen, which aroused wonder and curiosity; but Crowfoot bore himself with the ease and dignity of the native aristocrat.

The chiefs were present at a public function at Montreal, and were presented with a fine stand of rifles and the ammunition for them.

A Noble Sentiment

Crowfoot refused the gift. "What do we want with weapons?" he said, "we are among friends; but Crowfoot bore himself with the ease and dignity of the native aristocrat."

There never was a finer Indian on the plains. In the language of one who knew him well, "This was a man. He was tall and straight and slim, with an impressive face and an eagle profile. He was of unquestioned personal bravery, and an eloquent and impassioned orator. He was wise and tactful in his dealings with everyone, and he had a profound admiration for the wisdom of the white men."

The Long Last Trail

Although he was the friend of Father Lacombe, he never professed the Christian religion. He tolerated it for the sake of his splendid old missionary, but he clung to the faith and traditions of his own people.

When he came to die he prepared himself compositely for the last long trail. He suffered the attentions of the Blackfoot medicine men, but Father Lacombe performed the rites of a Christian church over his body.

With Crowfoot passed the last of the great Indians of the Plains.



CROWDING SOME OUT.

THE REDCLIFF REVIEW

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THE RIGHT WAY.

Much space is being taken up lately in daily papers and magazines, with the discussion of teachers' salaries and suggested improvements in educational matters generally. This shows that these matters are occupying the attention of all classes, and that the movement is by no means of a local nature, as they are receiving much attention not only in Canada and the United States, but also in the old country.

One way most advocated for the solution of the many problems which present themselves in this connection, is the friendly meeting together of teachers, school boards and heads of educational departments, to discuss the situation from its many angles, in order that all concerned might receive the benefit of each other's ideas and suggestions. In this way compromises and adjustments may be made from time to time to the satisfaction of all interested and ultimately to the general welfare of the community and country concerned.

So far as conditions locally are concerned, we understand the school board and representatives of the Teachers' Alliance have had several meetings, and that both are working harmoniously together in an endeavor to come to a satisfactory agreement. We are informed that so far good progress is being made to that end.

This is the proper spirit and there is no doubt that if continued will ultimately lead to a satisfactory adjustment for all concerned.

GET READY FOR THE GUN.

Now that definite word has been received as to when we may expect the German gun won by this town in the recent Victory Loan drive, it would be well if some movement were started as soon as possible in order to make ready for its arrival.

In the first place it should be decided upon where the gun is to be permanently located, and arrangements made for an emplacement. In this connection the park, the school grounds and a down town square set apart for the purpose, have been suggested. By calling a meeting of the Council, the School Board and the Victory Loan Committee this could be decided upon and plans made for the emplacement.

Then, too, there should be some arrangements made for the holding of a gala day, along the lines of the peace celebration held last summer, to celebrate the arrival of the gun and the ceremony of installing it.

The present fine weather reminds us that spring is close at hand and when we think of spring we think of the long months of heat and wind which are nature's contribution to this part of the province during the summer season. This, in turn, brings to memories or our treeless streets and parks and makes one wonder if something could not be done to at least make a start in creating an oasis or two around town. This could be accomplished with very little trouble and now is the time to start planning for spring and summer work.

Some idea of the growing demand for school teachers in Alberta may be gleaned from the announcement that whereas only 30 teachers were employed in Calgary thirteen years ago, now there are over 300. With 557 schools in the province now closed for want of teachers and with the immigration and development which may naturally be expected during the coming year, it can readily be seen that there will be a great demand for teachers for some time in Alberta. This should be an inducement for pupils now attending school to take up this line of work, even if they may only use it as a stepping stone for some other profession. The education and experience gained in this way would be of great value in any other calling.

Premier Stewart says this province is over represented, and Mr. Hoadley, who is one of the most prominent leaders of the opposition, says that the cabinet is too large. We believe they are both right but it is hard to understand why, knowing and admitting these mistakes, no movement is made to have them remedied.

A member of the legislature is reported to have said that the Normal school students should be spanked for insisting on a salary of \$1,200 for a full year's work. We wonder what treatment he would prescribe for the members of the legislature who take \$1,500 for the two months holiday they spend in Edmonton each year.

Since sunflowers for silage are now advocated as good feed for stock the fall flowers will no doubt be getting nervous.

Sir Edward Carson advises the Ultrastars to accept the new Home Rule proposal, and Enver Pasha offers his services to help the Bolsheviks in Afghanistan. Thus do we see that this life is just one pesky thing after another. No sooner do we appear to get one trouble settled than another breaks out.

A bill is now before the legislature to amend the act respecting infants and to provide for equal parental rights. According to this act the father and mother of an infant shall be joint guardians, and shall be entitled to the custody, control and education of such infant, and hereafter the father shall possess no right or control over the child that is not possessed by the mother. This is as it should be. However, we were of the opinion that most mothers already had more control over the children.

KA-EMPEROR'S COUSIN

STARKS A HUGH-ROUSE, Gustave Noke, minister of defense, has ordered the provincial arrest of arrest of Prince Jeanon Aliberti, of Russia, cousin of former Emperor William, and Baron von Platen, for engaging in a assault upon Capt. Dougervin, a French officer, with the state-allied mission in Berlin.

The assault occurred in the dining room, the place and his friends having candles, crockery and other missiles at Captain Rougervin and his party who had refused to stand while the orchestra was playing "Deutschland Uber Alles." Captain Rougervin was beaten and his clothes were torn.

NO DAYLIGHT SAVING

PROBABLE THIS YEAR. The probability is that the railways of Canada will abandon the daylight saving system this summer. It was retained last year mainly because the American roads had continued it, and it was desirable that there should be conformity on both sides of the line. Now that the roads across the line have decided to return to the old system there is considerable doubt that ours will do likewise.

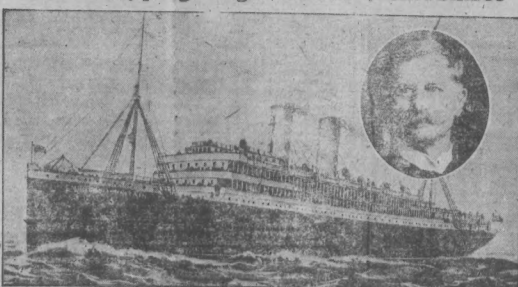
NOTICE.

This is to advise that the partnership existing between C. V. Gibson and J. S. Tupper, Redcliff, has been dissolved, effective February 22, 1920.
C. V. GIBSON,
J. S. TUPPER.

Government
Clyde Stallion

Parties wishing to breed mares to the Clydesdale stallion purchased by the Alberta Department of Agriculture, "Cragie Masterpiece" 18220, during the season of 1920, will make application to S. G. Carlyle, Live Stock Commissioner, Department of Agriculture, Edmonton, giving name and registration number of mare. A fee of \$25 will be payable at the time of service, and a further fee to be fixed by the Clydesdale Committee and the Live Stock Commissioner, will be payable when mare proves to be in foal. The location of the horse in the province will be determined by this committee, and arrangements will be made that the service fees in every case will cover the freight as far as possible cost to parties residing in different parts of the province. Further particulars will be published shortly, but parties desiring to breed mares should make application at once. The stallion will be ready for service from the 1st of May to the 1st of November. The Live Stock Commissioner reserves the right to revise the list of applications and make such rules and regulations as may be deemed necessary regarding the service of this stallion.
S. G. CARLYLE
Live Stock Commissioner.

War Shipping Organization Demobilizes



One of the Transports used by the British Ministry of Shipping (Canada). Sir Arthur Harris, inset.

"The British Ministry of Shipping (Canada) which during its five and one half years of existence practically controlled the export trade of Canada, island and overseas, clearing over 3,000 transports and liners from Canadian ports and Portland, will according to an announcement by Sir Arthur Harris, its Director General, be demobilized on March 21st, next.

The duties now performed by the Ministry of Shipping in Canada after that date is to be administered by Mr. E. M. Rasmussen, Director General of the Ministry of Shipping, No. 146 Broadway, New York.

The activities of the Ministry in Canada, including the Overseas Department which it succeeded, date from August 1914, at which time the Dominion Government, appreciating the importance of securing the service of an expert Overseas Officer, entrusted to the hands of the large Canadian Transportation Companies with the result that the then President of the Canadian Pacific placed at the service of the Government Mr. Sir Arthur Harris, who acted as Director General of Overseas Transport up to the 1st of January 1915, at which date the Department was absorbed into the British Ministry of Shipping, Sir Harris' Ministry continuing in charge as Director General in Canada.

During the period 1915's the Director General practically controlled the export trade of Canada, island and overseas, and that the work was well and impartially performed was evidenced from the fact that the British and shipping interests were satisfied, and the general business of the country continued with a minimum of disturbance.

The demobilization of the Department may be realized by the number of vessels cleared from Canadian ports and Portland between the 25th August 1914 and 31st December 1915, viz:—

1914	1915	1916	1917	1918	1919
Transports.	Transports.	Transports.	Transports.	Transports.	Transports.
124	121	121	121	121	121
40	122	122	122	122	122

During the above mentioned period in excess of fifteen million gross tons of munitions, war material, and supplies were moved island and overseas.

The Director General was supported by an efficient staff drawn from the service of the Canadian Pacific. The staff did not work for Canada and the Empire, and the fact that it was done quietly, almost to the point of self-effacement, is recognized and appreciated.

The General Public little knew the enormous difficulties devolving on the successful administration of an undertaking of such magnitude.

From the history of Canada's participation in the Great War is chronicled not the least of its achievements will have been the successful administration of its transport service.



A varied assortment of latest styles in medium, high top and low cut boots and shoes.

Shoes for the whole family—and good shoes, too, at fair prices.

You will find wear and comfort in every pair of NEOLIN Soled shoes. This means economy, for you pay no more for shoes with these soles.

You always find real shoe values here—and you obtain comfort, quality and style.

PEARSON'S SHOE STORE

USEless Space made USEable

Every home has some space in attic, under stairways or in the basement that's going to waste. It's just USEless space that can be made USEable with Beaver Board.

This knothole, crackles, lumber is considered to be large piece ready to nail over old plaster walls or to be removed. You can do so much with Beaver Board. Let us show you how.

ATLAS LUMBER COMPANY REDCLIFF

FARMERS!

IF YOU WANT TO BORROW MONEY SEE US.

We Represent Strong Companies and can Give Prompt Service.

STONER AGENCIES, LTD.

REDCLIFF

Taft is Strong For
League of Nations

Hon. William Howard Taft, president of the United States, addressed the Anti-Slavery Women's Club in Toronto last Saturday in Toronto. He spoke from the United States, replying to the question of whether they would join the League of Nations or not. "If we get the league going properly," Mr. Taft said, "it will be the greatest step toward peace which has ever been taken in the history of the world."

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DRAYING
Cespool Work Promptly
Attended To.
FEED OF ALL KINDS.
Hay, Straw, Oats, Chicken
Wheat, Corn, Shorts, Bar-
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Terms Strictly Cash.
THE PALACE LIVERY,
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Proprietor.

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Pumps, Gasoline Engines
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Eave Troughs, Stove
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Also a First Class Stock
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Local Agent

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I. O. O. F.
REDCLIFF, LODGE, NO. 90.
Meets in Crow's Hall every Wednes-
day evening at 8:00.
Visiting Brethren Welcome.
D. McLAURIN, N. G.
W. S. SMITH,
Recording Secretary.

QUARRY LODGE, No. 70,
A. F. & A. M.

Regular Communication, First Tues-
day of each month.
Visiting Brethren Welcome.
H. W. HARPER, E. L. STONE,
Secretary, Master.

SONS OF ENGLAND
BENEFIT SOCIETY,
LODGE ROSEBERRY No. 16.

Meets on second Tuesday in Crow's Hall.
Visiting Brethren Welcome.
F. H. COURTNEILL, Secretary,
P. O. Box 254.

GREAT WAR VETERANS' ASSOC.

Regular Meetings first Monday night
in each month.
Visiting Brethren Welcome.
G. D. SCOTT, L. S. KEARNEY,
President, Sec. Treas.
Ladies Auxiliary to G. W. V. A. meets
in Club Room second Wednesday of
each month.

NEW IRRIGATION ACT SUBMITTED TO MEMBERS

Will Come Before Legislature for
Discussion—Provisions for Ap-
pointment of Irrigation
and Council Who Have
Wide Powers.

Sections relating to the financing of irrigation works are the most important feature in the new Irrigation Districts Act, which has just been printed and submitted for the scrutiny of the members before coming up for discussion in the legislature.

After making detailed provision for the election of an irrigation board of trustees in irrigation districts, the bill provides that there shall also be an irrigation council of three members. Any one member of this council is able to be sworn the board upon the consent of three of its district, and may also act as a course of conduct proposed to be done or otherwise upon by the board.

Another section sets forth that the members or members of this irrigation council shall be appointed by the government, and that "no money received by the board upon debenture issues shall be expended at any time without the prior approval of the council."

This council may at any time request whatever information is desired from the local irrigation board, may employ all assistance necessary to carry out the best decision as to the proper mode of expending the proceeds of any debenture issue, and no contract for construction work shall be made in effect until the council has given its assent thereto.

In the hands of the local board is left the authority for instituting and carrying on the construction work of an irrigation project for the whole district laid out or for any part of the district "from time to time" as the board may see fit.

After the board has submitted estimates of construction, maintenance and interest costs of an irrigation project to the minister of public works and the latter has approved the estimates, he may direct the local board to prepare a bylaw authorizing the raising of a loan upon the credit of the irrigation district sufficient to cover the sum necessary to construct and carry it on. The bylaw which shall be submitted to the members of the district shall set forth:

The amount and terms of re-payment of the loan; the total service to be irrigated; the sum necessary in each year to repay the loan, and the interest thereon; the estimated annual cost of the maintenance and operation of the district and the irrigation works; a two-thirds vote is required to carry such a bylaw for the debentures and if carried, and the minister of public works gives his assent, it shall be conclusive evidence that all necessary formalities have been complied with, and the legality of the loan and all debenture issues therefor shall be thereby conclusively established and shall not be questioned in any court. The board of trustees has the power to raise the loan on the credit of the district. The debentures issued to secure the loan shall provide for the payment of the principal money within 30 years from the time of approval of the estimates by the minister, and shall be repayable by annual instalments extending over the whole of such period of the last 20 years thereof.

The debentures will constitute a lien upon all the land, including the buildings and improvements thereon, appearing on the assessment roll in the district other than land exempt from taxation by the province, and upon all the property of the district and all rates levied under the provisions of the act within the district.

No Moratorium To Drought Sufferers

Asserting that "Shylock" money lenders are hounding the farmers in the drought area to the point of desperation, James Weir (non-Partisan League), Norton, wanted to know if the house if the government proposed to establish a moratorium to give relief to needy settlers who have lost their crops from drought several years in succession.

Premier Charles Stewart replied that he had received many complaints regarding the methods of certain loan and mortgage cases. Mr. Stewart said the government had no intention of declaring a moratorium, but would relief in clearing up cases was available before the master-in-chambers, from whom a person upon people unable to pay. The trouble was that the people were not aware generally of the availability of this relief, and he thought that each member of the legislature should make it known to his constituents.

Plan to Secure Better Text Books

Mr. Stewart, who has just returned from a meeting of the National Council of Education held at Ottawa, says that the two outstanding features of the National Council were the passing of a survey of the four Canadian text books history, geography and mathematics, and the formation of the National Council as a permanent organization in order to carry on the work which may be proposed at the council meetings.

The survey of education in the three large universities in Canada was made this survey. The literature survey will be carried by the Queen's university, and it will include readers, and aspects of the style and the suitability to the stage of development of the pupils will be gone into fully. The University of Toronto will consider the history with regard to style, ethical content, and the adequacy for presenting the land marks in social progress. McGill university will conduct the survey of the geography, and it will decide whether the present texts are so conceived and written as to emphasize the understanding of national operations, national manners and customs, and national contributions to civilization.

This survey is being carried out because it was felt that we must have the right material taught to the boys and girls in our Canadian schools.

Can Expect Very Little Assistance

That it will be impossible for the government of Alberta as a government to approach the Dominion government for any direct financial assistance to irrigation projects because of a written promise given by Premier Charles Stewart, that he would not do so, was the gist of a statement in the house Tuesday by the premier, M. Stewart recalled that he give this promise to Hon. Arthur Meighen, minister of the interior of the Dominion government, in order to break the deadlock when the federal government declined to go any further in obtaining surveys and engineering data for irrigation projects until assured that the question of financial aid was settled; in other words, that the Dominion government which absolutely declined the responsibility for direct financial assistance to irrigation projects, would not be called on for such assistance.

Canadian Indians To Be Given Franchise

Among the important pieces of legislation which will be brought before the federal house this session will be a bill, designed to do a measure of justice to the first possessors of this country. It will be placed before parliament by Hon. Arthur Meighen and will be the most advanced legislation of its kind ever introduced on this continent in dealing with those who have been the wards of the white race so long. It contemplates nothing less than the elevation of the Indians of Canada from the position of wards of the crown to that of complete and responsible citizenship by means of compulsory enfranchisement and compulsory education.

Under the old Indian Act a member of a band could only be enfranchised after passing through two probationary periods of three years each, and then only with the consent of his tribe. The new act will release altogether from tribal control, and make him in all respects and purposes an independent Canadian citizen.

M. C. L. DOES NOT
WORTHY THIS FAMILY.
The high cost of living—the large families, Russi Quebec costs at all this and an example is found in the birth last Friday at Beauportville 10 1/2 of twins to Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Bouchard. The Bouchard family now numbers 20 children, 18 of whom are living.

CONSTANTINOPLE IS OCCUPIED BY ALLIES

Constantinople is actually occupied by allied troops under provisions of the armistices, it is pointed out by the Petit Parisien, which says that the city is the headquarters of Gen. Franchet d'Espèrey, and there are in the city one division and one brigade of French troops, or about 15,000 or 18,000 men; in addition there are in Constantinople one regiment of Italian troops, and there are British forces in the region of the strait. A British division is spread over Anatolia, between Scutari and Brusa, while the French have a division in Western Thrace, the newspaper says.

Two million dollars is to be spent by the Imperial Oil Company to be active oil prospecting campaign in Alberta during the coming summer.

Government Replies To Labor Demands

The Dominion government has made no reply to the requests and suggestions of the Dominion trades and labor congress. The most important of the demands were "the right to organize," "collective bargaining," and the "eight hour day, or forty-eight hour week." "The right of industrial workers to organize has already been recognized," as the government points out, but it refuses to apply the principle to government employees, stating that "it cannot be conceded that public service employees shall be subject to control of any organization or federation of industrial workers, and be thereby involved in industrial disputes."

As to collective bargaining, "the government replies that in the administration of the department of labor, the minister has more than once recognized the wisdom on the part of both employers and employees, whether in industrial cases or in groups within a given industry, of meeting together and negotiating with a view to settlement of differences existing between them."

Legislature Does Not Turn Down Senate

The provincial legislature believes in doing the home work first. In accordance with this belief as expressed by a substantial majority of the house Tuesday afternoon, the senate of Canada will not be deemed of abolished as the case may be from within the Alberta legislature.

A motion to urge the abolition of the senate was proposed and vigorously supported by W. M. Davidson, member for North Calgary, but on the question coming to a division the majority against was substantial, the vote being 15 to 12 along strictly partisan lines.

Premier Stewart privately expressed the opinion of the majority which he declared that however much he desired to see the Canadian senate reformed or abolished, and notwithstanding the measure of support he would give such a movement, as it made an issue in a general election, he was opposed to dealing with problems in the legislature that were primarily and wholly matters for the members of the federal house to deal with, and decide upon.

Will Provide Increase in Compensation Act

The labor legislation for the session will include a rather important change in the workers' compensation act, and a change in the minimum wage.

The changes in the Workmen's Compensation act provide for increases and the removal of the minimum damages and a considerable increase in the monthly damages.

By the act amendments to the act, the award to the widow of a workman killed in the operation of his duty will be increased from \$20 to \$30 a month, and the allowance for each child be increased from \$5 a month to \$7.50 a month. The maximum increased from \$48.

The awards for permanently disabled will be materially increased.

Edmonton G.W.V.A. Wants Larger Pensions

Resolutions calling on the Dominion command of the Great War Veterans' Association to press for a minimum pension of \$100 a month in cases of the military for an estimation of the vocational training courses from \$10 to twelve months; for the establishment of pensions for amputation cases on the basis of a captain's rank for all ranks; for the payment of forty per cent by the state of the premiums on life insurance carried by disabled veterans; and, for the throwing open of swampy lands for purchase by returned soldiers at a nominal price were adopted by the branch of the Great War Veterans' association, at a general meeting held on Sunday.

Will Encourage Immigration to Canada

In the discussion in the British commons of the colonial office vote Under-Secretary Amery explained that the overseas settlement committee, having secured effective co-operation with the Dominion government in dividing emigration into Canada had granted ex-service men many terms. Applications for about 18,000 persons to emigrate had been made and 11,000 to 12,000 had already sailed or were about to. From the point of view of the safety of the empire, one emigrant into Canada was worth twenty times as much as one who went into even a friendly country like the United States. What the government is about at was putting emigration on the best possible basis.

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Because by so doing you are helping to build up your own town. Every dollar you spend in your own town helps to build up your own Schools, Churches, Roads, Sidewalks, Sewers, Waterworks, etc. The money you send out of town helps to build up some other place, and increase the value of some other man's property instead of your own.

BE A BOOSTER FOR YOUR TOWN

and your town will boost for you. Look over the ads. in this paper and see where to get your wants supplied. When it comes to

JOB PRINTING

This is the place to get it
The Redcliff Review

CURRENT COMMENT

ON MATTERS OF PUBLIC INTEREST TO DWELLERS
IN THE PRAIRIE PROVINCES OF CANADA

A SERIES OF ARTICLES DEALING WITH VARIOUS
WESTERN QUESTIONS

FERSHING'S PANTS

At a time when the whole world is, occupied with the gravest problems, certain members of the American House are presenting the silly spectacle of making a public debate about the cut of General Fershing's trousers, and the quality of his walking stick.

Kipling was about right when he said of the American: "His heart, leaps like a babe at little things."

A VALUABLE ASSET

It may be news to many people in the West that there are several good colonies of beavers in a portion of Saskatchewan within fifty miles of the provincial capital.

For a number of years these interesting and industrious little animals have been carefully protected, with the result that there has been a great increase in their numbers. This year there is an open season, and in the district tributary to the C.N.R. running east from Regina, a number of very fine pelts have been secured.

In some districts the municipalities are protecting the beavers, as they realize the asset that they have in them, and of course, they allow no trapping.

This is essentially a country for fur bearing animals; they are native to it and thrive. In other portions of the Dominion a start has been made in raising them with very satisfactory results, and there is no part of Canada better suited for the industry than the three prairie provinces of the West.

In the old days the Hudson's Bay Company considered that the only way to conserve the fur trade was to keep settlers out of the country; but today, it appears as if the growing of fur for the market may be carried on under better conditions than existed when the Company of Gentlemen Adventurers ruled the Great North Land as deserts.

There is every indication that furs will be as valuable as gold, and we venture the prediction that before very many years shall have passed, Canada's fur crop will be a not inconsiderable portion of her annual production of wealth.

ACTION REQUIRED

The lumber situation in Western Canada appears to be a serious one. The American dealers have been on this side of the line buying up all the stocks they could lay their hands upon, and shipping it south.

So extensive have those operations been, that a tremendous quantity of lumber has left the country, and with more under contract, there is danger that the building programme which had been prepared for the present season may have to be seriously curtailed.

Urgent representations have been made to the Canadian Government to act in this matter, but so far an efficient remedy does not appear to have been presented itself.

A great deal of the standing timber in British Columbia is in the hands of American capitalists, and in some instances they are operating large mills. The Chamisso Company on Vancouver Island, which is said to be allied with the great Weyerhaeuser concerns, owns one of the biggest bodies of Douglas fir in the world, and also operates large mills.

This is only one American concern among several at the coast. We do not know to what extent these firms are shipping to the other side, but if the Canadian need for lumber is as great as represented, an embargo should at once be placed upon shipments to the United States, and the supply diverted to the requirements of this country.

We are not advocates of too intensive a system of Government control, but there are occasions when the authorities may use their power to much public advantage.

This appears to be a case for action; and strong action at that.

The products of Canada belong first and foremost to her own people. There has been too much squeamishness about matters of this kind in the past, and the people of the country want something done.

SOME REMARKS ABOUT RAISING A FAMILY

In this western country it is profitable for an Indian to raise all the family he can; but pretty damned unprofitable for an ordinary white man. The Indian gets a bonus in the shape of an annuity for each and every one of them; but the white man is subjected to all kinds of pains and penalties. If he lives in a city or town he is warned away from the best blocks; and one has only to study the advertisements of "houses to let" in the daily papers to see that the tyrant landlord has no particular use for these latter day children.

In these latter days of scrambling for the few available houses, children are a decided handicap, and the family that contains them are often put to sore shifts to find a sheltering roof.

Thin little or no provision is made for play grounds, and if you are a city dweller, they either have to play on the streets, and grow up young barbarians, on mops in the house and become anemic nonentities. They are hunted and harried all around, and their parents are hunted and harried on account of them.

On the farms they fare a little better; but the schooling facilities are often very indifferent, and it is the fashion to put them to work when they should be playing with all the exuberance of childhood.

On the farms it is, of course, possible to raise a family, and some of the present disabilities are within the power of the parents to remove, but even with the best that may be done there is room for great improvement.

In the cities, however, the situation is almost intolerable; that is for people of ordinary means. We have already alluded to the difficulty of a man with a "quiverful" finding house room but there are other troubles nearly as serious.

If, for example, a young baby for any reason is deprived of the fountain of nourishment which nature usually provides, it has a mighty poor chance of surviving. It can't very well be brought up on "Klins" or even on the thin, blue fluid yielded up by the scrub Holsteins which form the chief element of so many of the dairy herds that supply an alleged need for the towns and cities. If it is summer time it is a pretty sure thing that the baby will not live it out; yet what can the distracted parents do? They cannot very well down their offspring like puppies or superfluous kittens; they have got to make shift to bring them up; and to their credit many of them succeed in making a pretty fair job of it.

As a natural consequence of these conditions, we see more and more childless families. Something is wrong in the state of Denmark, and it is our duty to find a remedy.

It is a platitude to say that the family is the basis of the nation; yet it is nevertheless true. The destiny of the human race is to reproduce its kind, and perhaps the highest office of humanity is the rearing and bringing to a useful maturity of wholesome and healthy offspring.

Sir Walter Scott once said when visiting his son at the University of Oxford, that it was like sheltering in the shade of a pleasant oak, which had grown from an acorn planted in youth. Such a consummation should be the aspiration of all those fitted by nature to become parents.

The occupation of a parent should be the most honourable one in the world, and everything possible done to aid and encourage the upbringing of the family. Since ancient times the family has been the most honoured of all human institutions; but in these latter days we affect to despise these ideas as archaic and out of date. The children are the men and women of tomorrow and if they are stifled and handicapped in their youth it will have a profound effect upon posterity.

More attention must be paid to the requirements of the youngsters, and the landlord who discriminates against them should be scarified by public opinion. Unfortunately western landlords don't have to care much about what the public thinks of them just at present, but nevertheless some means might be found to bring them to their senses in this particular.

Come what will, the children must have their chance.

ANNUAL CONVENTION OF SASKATCHEWAN SCHOOL TRUSTEES

Chairman Bryant's Instructive
Address—One Flag, One
School.

The convention of School Trustees for the province of Saskatchewan, which was held in Moose Jaw last week was very largely attended. An eloquent and striking address was given by the chairman, Mr. J. F. Bryant. He dealt in a very able manner not only with matters that affected the trustees of the country but the whole of the people. It was a comprehensive and able effort, and was received with a great deal of applause.

A new plank was incorporated in the trustees' platform. It is entitled "One Flag and School." The abolishing of separate schools, whether Protestant or Catholic from the province, will be put on the agenda of the government as the result of a resolution moved by W. J. Orchard of Tregeur.

A resolution was also passed saying that there be the fullest possible investigation into conditions at the provincial University.

Some delegates reported that trustees held at least three dollars for each meeting which they attended in excess of twelve meetings a year. This proposal, however, did not meet with the approval of the convention.

An address was given by Dr. H. H. Anderson on "The essential education," and Principal Grant of Upper Canada College spoke in an entertaining manner on "part time education." A great many subjects of moving interest were discussed, and we regret that we do not have space to give a more extended report of the proceedings.

Valuable Furs in Saskatchewan

Purs to the value of over two million dollars were bought in Saskatchewan during the season ending June 30, 1919, and the amount received for the season ending June 30, 1919, and the amount received for the season ending June 30, 1920, will be higher still owing to the great advance in the price of all furs.

Premier Returns

Sir Robert Borden arrived at Halifax a few days ago on his return from England, whither he went with Lord Jellicoe. He proceeded to New York and from there went south with Lady Borden to seek further rest, which his state of health still demands.

ALBERTA FOREST RESERVES AVAILABLE FOR LIVE STOCK

At a meeting held in the Victoria hotel, in Calgary recently, the Elbow Stock Association adopted its constitution and confirmed the election of officers which was carried out at their annual meeting on Feb. 6.

Among those present were Messrs. Morse and Barnes, of the Dominion Forestry Branch, who replied to the numerous questions relating to the workings of similar associations elsewhere. It was reported to the meeting that grazed on this area during the large quantity of stock will be coming season, and that, as it is at present understood, the area taken in by the association within the Bow Forest Reserve, extends from near Fisher Creek on the south to beyond the Elbow River on the north.

The meeting was splendidly attended and much lively interest was shown in the work of the association, which includes improvements on the forestry reserve to facilitate the handling of stock.

CONDEMNED MAN'S WIFE REMAINS LOYAL TO HIM

The following item appeared in a recent issue of the Regina Leader and owing to the widespread interest taken in the Wilson murder case, we reproduce it here:

On February 17 the Leader published an article which stated that Mrs. Jessie Wilson had refused to bid her husband goodbye, during an interview in which the condemned man admitted killing his first wife intentionally.

The Leader is informed that there is not the slightest foundation for such a statement, as her relations with her husband have always been of the best, particularly now that he is in trouble.

LIQUOR IN MANITOBA

Doctors in Manitoba will be limited to 100 prescriptions per month under the amendments to be introduced to the Manitoba Temperance Act, it was officially announced at the government buildings in Winnipeg recently. The form of the prescription will be left to the lieutenant-governor in council to draft.

Other amendments to the act provide: That a fine of \$1,000 be imposed upon any company convicted under the act; that a fine or a fine and imprisonment—at the discretion of the magistrate—shall be imposed for a breach of the act by an individual. Upon the second offence there is no option of a fine, but the offender must be imprisoned. The minimum fine to be imposed is fixed at \$400.

The amount of liquor obtained in jail for the term of 12 ounces. This is an addition of 4 ounces, and it is stated, resulted from the arguments of rural members of the legislature who showed the farmers living a long distance from a town or village would be prejudiced.

GRAIN COMMISSION HEAR CHARGES AT PRINCE ALBERT

The board of grain commissioners held an investigation at the city hall, Prince Albert, into charges made to the board by farmers of the Prince Albert district against the One Northern Milling Company with reference to weights, price and grade of grain shipped to the company. Commissioner Jones of Fort William is conducting the enquiry.

Complaints were made by board some time ago and after enquiries an investigation was ordered. It is alleged in one case by a Rozelle farmer that there was an excessive discount in a carload of grain, and in other cases allegations were made of weights being incorrect, prices wrong and grain not properly graded. S. J. A. Brand is appearing for the milling company at the enquiry.

The first complainant heard was W. C. Painter of Wild Rose, who claims that he shipped 1,500 bushels of grain to the company, only received credit for 1,081 bushels and 50 bushels shortening.

After hearing the evidence on behalf of the complainants, the board in favor of three of the complainants, but said they did not wish to be unfair to the company or to infer that the company had taken unfair advantage in business. The company, however, had been confronted with an unfortunate condition and had not conformed with the general intention of the rules and regulations. They should have made a hand test of the grain brought in and checked the grain on the basis of that test, showing the farmer the dockage and giving him back the grain or not as he might desire.

The commission ruled that the company had been wrong in the methods pursued and that the dockage of 3 per cent. in the case of Mr. Painter's shipment of grain was wrong and must be returned to him.

A Tenant's Result

The members of a tenant's association in the city of Chicago have entered into a compact with the city not to pay a higher rent asked by landlords.

Prince Albert Appointment

Colin Baker has been appointed solicitor of the city of Prince Albert.

Back to America

After several years in America, who recently resigned as premier of Poland, is returning to America and the concert platform. His American investments are said to be in the hands of his family. He has a valuable ranch in California.

Battle Was Essential To Ultimate Victory

GEN. CURRIE TELLS THE IN-
SIDE HISTORY OF PAS-
SCHENDAELE

The story of the Canadian attack on Paschenendaele ridge, and particularly the reasons for that desperate and successful blow to the enemy's morale, was told by Gen. Sir Arthur Currie to the Old Comrades association of the Princess Pats at their second annual dinner Saturday.

Gen. Currie said that while the wisdom of the Paschenendaele attack had been much debated and the battle actually cost the Canadians 17,000 casualties, it was necessary to establish the morale of the Allied troops and to silence peace talk in the Allied countries in 1917 when the plans of Foch and Haig for the campaign of 1917 were rudely interrupted by politicians.

Russell Appeal

Justice Justice Perdue has upheld the view of the court in the case of Russell, the strike leader, who was recently convicted in Winnipeg.

Perhaps a New Position

It is reported that Hon. Dr. Reid, the Minister of Railways in the Federal Government, may be appointed to the position of president of the Canadian National Railway system.

For the Term of His Life

A few days ago a man named Larson sentenced to life in jail at Edmonton for a term of his life. The prisoner has had a career of highway robbery and attempted murder and is described as one of the most dangerous criminals who ever operated in the west. There was a great deal of interest displayed in the trial and the court room was thronged during its progress.

Fight With the Police

A man named Juncos was recently sentenced to six months in jail at Edmonton for vagrancy. He managed to escape from the local jail but was eventually caught by a party of police. He had managed to secure a revolver, and spent five years upon his parents. The police retaliated and he fell.

A Big Family

A few days ago Arthur Heyday, a member of the British House of Commons, was asked a question on the declining birth rate, when a telegram was handed to him. He read it, and then said: "I have a right to speak on this subject for I have just received the announcement of the birth of my seventeenth child."

Attorney General Elected

Hon. W. E. Rensay, Attorney General of the Ontario Government, was elected in the constituency of East Wellington a few days ago.

End of Conscript

Winston Churchill, the British war minister, announced in the House of Commons that conscription in Great Britain would be ended at the end of next month. He stated that Great Britain was the only nation among the Allies to thus abolish compulsory service, although she had greater extent of territory than any of the others to support and more lives to be responsible for.

Tried to Shoot Minister

A London despatch says: It is established that an attempt to assassinate Lord Acton, the British minister to Finland, at Helsinki, Finland, was being made by a man named John Smith in the early morning when shots were fired at him, but he was not struck by the bullets. No arrests have been made, it is said.

Wintering Well

A recent letter from Craigville, Alta. says: Hay, green feed and straw are plentiful in Craigville district. A huge stock of oat straw sold lately for \$35, and a larger one of soft wheat for half that sum. Cattle and horses running on the stubble fields are fat.

ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST

Select your Garden Seeds at Blundell's.

Mrs. A. L. Brown, of Success, Sask., is spending this week in town visiting her brother, Mr. Warren.

The provincial government collected \$145,000 in theatre tax last year throughout the province.

The New Light Grocery has opened up for business on the west side of Third street, two doors south of the Alhambra Theatre.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Lee, of Mendota, Wisconsin, arrived in town last evening to visit Mr. and Mrs. Fred Belisle.

The Ladies Aid of the Presbyterian church will hold an afternoon tea in the church on St. Patrick's afternoon March 17th. All are invited to attend.

A. N. Collard has purchased the residence on Fifth street owned by E. F. Argue, Mr. and Mrs. Argue intend leaving in a few weeks and will resume work there, where they will reside in future.

Rev. D. Hollinger, who has been away for the past month on business in connection with his church, returned home last week and will resume his duties in the Brethren church here.

Little Raymond Dubau, the four-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Adam Dubau, was taken to the Medicine Hat hospital last week to undergo an operation. He is now progressing favorably.

Officers and members of the local Masonic lodge are at the local evening in Crow's hall on Friday evening of this week. Visiting brethren and their lady friends are invited to be present.

Rev. H. G. Blundell, who for a number of years was pastor of the Baptist church in Medicine Hat, died suddenly last Thursday. For the past year he has been probation officer in the children's home of that city.

Mayor Brown, of Medicine Hat, appears to be meeting with great success in the plans for the forthcoming industrial congress. At the request of the National Association of British Manufacturers representatives will proceed to England at once to make arrangements to have old country delegates attend the congress.

Mr. Phillips, a gas expert with gas wells, is in town this week making some repairs in connection with the well which supplies the Brick & Co. Company with gas. Already some improvements have been made and it is expected that by the end of the week this plant will be running full force again.

Rev. Dr. Shearer left Monday evening for Calgary to officiate at the funeral service of Miss Nara McVeigh, who died suddenly in that city Sunday. The first official act performed by Dr. Shearer after he joined the ministry was the christening of his same young lady when she was an infant and he was to have officiated at her wedding this coming spring.

Owing to ill Dr. Shearer, pastor of the P. E. S. church here, has been granted a month's leave of absence. As present he is attending a meeting of the Home Mission Board in Calgary after which he will proceed to the Pacific coast where he remains during the holiday. Rev. J. W. Morrow, of Medicine Hat, will look after the work here during Dr. Shearer's absence.

St. Ambrose W. A. will hold their Easter sale of work on Wednesday, April 7th, in the Parish hall. In the afternoon tea will be served from 2 to 6 o'clock. In the evening there will be a whisky drive and social evening commencing at 8 o'clock. Admission in the evening 50c. On March 25th a shower will be held for this sale. All are requested to keep this in mind and attend the shower with contributions.

G. G. Patterson, who has conducted a bakery business here for the past seven years, has sold out his business and property to Mr. H. Champ, formerly of Calgary. Mr. Champ took possession on Monday of this week. The new proprietor is an experienced baker and will conduct the business much along the same lines as did Mr. Patterson. We understand it is Mr. Patterson's intention to take a holiday trip to the coast before definitely starting up in business again. Mrs. Patterson and Fred will remain here till mid-summer at least.

Six months' imprisonment was the sentence pronounced on the six men in England who have been on trial charged with making gold coin.

WANTED—Dining room girl. Apply to the Redcliff Hotel.

WANTED—A shack suitable for garage. Apply to Review office.

FOR SALE—A load of feed, shorts and wheat. Apply to J. T. Devitt.

FOR SALE—Five White Wyandotte chickens; Martin Regal strain. Mrs. E. B. Holroyd, Redcliff, Alta. 11-13

FOR EXCHANGE—Four-hole gas stove for coal stove. F. Howell, Fourth street.

FOR SALE—A small house and two lots centrally located. For particulars apply to E. J. Stone, Review office.

FOR SALE—A number of useful household articles including gas stove; map for quick sale. Apply E. P. Argue, Fifth street, Phone 32.

FOR SALE—One two-year-old heifer and one three-year-old heifer, both to freshen soon; three yearling steers, R. C. Hollinger, Arlington. 11-17

FOR SALE—Lot and house of four rooms, water and gas; one square from Broadway; will trade for automobile. Address P. O. Box 13, Redcliff.

FOR SALE—Saw, owing to sickness, New 14 and 19, Black 47, lot 4 block 14; have clear title to these lots and will take \$1,000 or nearest offer. Apply H. Lawton, chief electrical engineer, Yellow Coat, Sask.

FOR SALE—Seven head of young horses and one horse, all in fair condition; aged from 3 to 9 years; also one Oliver 14-inch plow, good as new. For particulars apply to Chas. Robertson, Howell. 11-14

FOR SALE—Household furniture consisting of sideboard, extension table, cupboard, dresser, beds, Davenport, chairs, rockers, and other articles; also roll top desk, flat top office desk, and office chairs. R. C. Hollinger, Arlington. 11-14

FOR SALE—Bowling alley and Billiard room containing two tables and six tables. Barber shop with chairs in connection; complete stock of cigars, tobacco, cigarettes, candies and soft drinks. A man for cash. For particulars write or apply to Donald MacLachlan, box 117, Redcliff, Alberta. 10-14

Card of Thanks.

Having disposed of my bakery business to Mr. H. Champ, I desire to take this opportunity of thanking my customers and friends for their liberal patronage during the past seven years and also to request that you extend the same support to my successor, Mr. Champ.

Sincerely yours,
G. G. PATTERSON.

LIGHT DRAYING

All orders phoned to the Atlas Lumber yard, Phone No. 11, or to G. P. R. station, No. 3, will be promptly attended to.

GOOD SERVICE
GUARANTEED
J. L. WRIGHT

The King Amendment Defeated in House

The debate on the address concluded in the house at 2:30 this morning. Mackenzie King's amendment calling for a federal election, was defeated by 112 to 78, a majority of 34. The government supporters cheered wildly on the announcement of the vote. It was a 'straight vote without swiches' on either side of the house. The eleven cross benches present all voted with the opposition. The amendment was declared to be lost and the address was adopted without further division.

President Wilson accepts with reservations the proposals of the British and French premier that Italy and Yugoslavia undertake a settlement of the Adriatic question.

Town of Redcliff.

I encountered on the 5th day of March one brown gelding, with two white hind feet and white star on forehead; (saddle horse); branded 'R' on the left hip and an Indian brand on right shoulder. If not claimed by April 12th will be sold on that date to defray expenses.
R. EVERETT, Poundkeeper.

INCREASE YOUR HERDS

Every farmer knows that cattle raising is a profitable business.

Don't let financial considerations stand in the way of increasing your herds. If an advance is necessary to buy stock or feed, consult our local manager. He is in a position to advise and assist you.

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA
REDCLIFF BRANCH,
C. G. T. HARCOULT, Manager.

BOWLING ALLEY
Billiard Room and Barber Shop
Soft Drinks, Cigars and Tobacco
Draft Beer Always on Hand
MAC'S POOL ROOM

Native Hawaiians

In Amuse-U Theatre
Tuesday March 16th

G. W. Towne Presents The Original and Famous
Kulolais in an Elaborate Spectacular Musical Production.

THE PARADISE OF THE PACIFIC

The Greatest of all Hawaiian Shows
Admission: 25c and 75c.



Princess Mary Inspecting the Girl Guides at St. Andrew's Hall, Norwich, England.

Slater's Superior Shoes

LOOK THESE OVER
Men's Box Calf and Kid Shoes, round or pointed toes, black or tan; guaranteed of finest quality. \$8.50 to \$10.00
Men's solid leather Work Shoes; easy fitting; can't be beat. \$4.50 to \$6.90

Ladies Vassar Shoes of very choice quality; black and grey kid; Goodyear welted \$8.50 to \$12.00
Ladies Oxfords and Kid Pumps; short and long vamp; good models. \$7.50 to \$10.00
Boys and Girls School Shoes; stand hard knocka. \$3.50 to \$5.00

Suits and Hats

Just in, a full range of blue and grey Serge Suits; guaranteed fast colors. Get your new Spring Hat; green, black or grey; a good selection.

THE HICKS TRADING CO.

Pensioners to Receive An Indemnity

All descendants of soldiers, sailors or airmen killed during the war have been notified by the Board of Pension Commissioners that under the terms

of the peace treaty all pensions of deceased men are to receive an indemnity for their loss. The amount of the indemnity is to be based on the age of the man killed and the age and number of his dependents. Pensioners are only required to submit the date of birth of the deceased man and the date of their own birth.

Specials for Saturday at Watts Grocery Stores

Ceylon Tea, reg. 75c, per lb. 60c
Tuxedo Coffee, reg. 75c, per lb. 60c
Pure Lard 3's, \$1.10; 5's, \$2.00; 10's, \$3.95
Hotel size Milk 35c
New Cabbage, 2 lbs. for. 35c
Cooking Onions, per lb. 5c
Oranges per dozen 55c, 70c and 60c

These Are The Prices at Both Stores
POTATOES—Special varieties for seed prices right. Come and see them.

See our new stock of China and Glassware.

Orders called for and delivered.

Phones—Up town, 42. South End, 63.

BAKERY

Under New Management

I have taken over the Bakery business previously conducted by G. G. Patterson here and will conduct it in the same old stand. It is my intention to keep the business up to the high standard which it has occupied in the past and I trust I may be favored with a continuance of your patronage.

H. CHAMP, Prop.

Phone 43.

Fifth Street.

NEW GROCERY STORE

We have opened a new Grocery Store in the stand 2 doors south of the Amuse-U Theatre, where we will carry a complete line of all the best brands of

Groceries, Fruits
and Vegetables

Give us a call and you will be convinced that we can help you.
SOLVE THE COST OF LIVING PROBLEM

THE NEW LIGHT GROCERY
DELIVERY EVERY AFTERNOON